## APPENDIX I:

## CLAIM AMENDMENTS:

Enter new Claims 19 to 21 as indicated in the following listing of the claims:

1. (previously presented) Phenethylacrylamides of the formula I

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
  $\stackrel{\mathsf{O}}{\underset{\mathsf{Het}}{\bigvee}}$   $\stackrel{\mathsf{O}-\mathbb{R}^3}{\underset{\mathsf{O}-\mathbb{R}^4}{\bigvee}}$ 

in which the substituents  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  have the following meanings:

- $R^1$  is halogen,  $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$ -alkoxy,  $C_3-C_{10}$ -cycloalkyl, or  $C_1-C_4$ -haloalkyl;
- R2 is hydrogen;
- $R^3$  is  $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$ -haloalkyl, propargyl,  $C_3-C_4$ -alkenyl or  $-B_2C-C\equiv C-C(R^a,R^b)-R^c$ , where  $R^a$ ,  $R^b$  independently of one another are hydrogen or methyl and  $R^c$  is hydrogen or  $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl;
- R4 is methyl or C1-haloalkyl; and
- Het is a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring which may contain a fused 5- or 6-membered carbocycle and which is selected from heteroaromatic rings containing 1, 2, 3 or 4 nitrogen atoms as ring members, heteroaromatic rings which contain 1 or 2 nitrogen atoms and 1 or 2 further heteroatoms selected from oxygen or sulfur as ring members, and heteroaromatic rings which have 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen and sulfur as ring members, Het being unsubstituted or it being possible for Het to contain 1, 2 or 3 substituents S selected from halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy.
- 2. (previously presented) A phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_1-C_4-alkyl$  or  $C_3-C_6-cycloalkyl.$
- (previously presented) A phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein Het is selected from pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrrolyl, thienyl, furanyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl and isothiazolyl.

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- 4. (previously presented) A phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein Het contains one or two substituents S which are bonded to those ring atoms which are not adjacent to the linkage site forming the double bond.
- 5. (previously presented) The phenethylacrylamide defined in claim 1 which is of the formula I.1, I.2 or I.3

in which the substituents S,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are as defined in claim 1, n is 1 or 2, and S is not bonded in the ortho position relative to the linkage site.

- 6. (previously presented) A process for the preparation of a phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is hydrogen and  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is halogen,  $C_1-C_4-\text{alkyl}$ ,  $C_3-C_8-\text{cycloalkyl}$  or  $C_1-C_4-\text{haloalkyl}$ , and Het,  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and  $\mathbb{R}^4$  are as defined in claim 1, comprising the following steps:
  - a) reaction of a phenethylamide of the formula II,

with a trialkylstannane  $(R^a)_3 SnH, \ wherein \ R^a$  is alkyl resulting in a compound of the formula III

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and

reaction of the compound III obtained in step a) with a compound Het-Hal, wherein Hal is bromine or iodine and Het has
the meaning given in claim 1, in the presence of catalytically active amounts of a transition metal compound of a
group VIII metal;

or

a') reaction of a compound of the formula II with at least stoichiometric amounts of iodine, resulting in a compound of the formula IV

and

- b') reaction of the compound IV obtained in step a') with a stannane of the formula (R<sup>a</sup>)<sub>3</sub>Sn-Het, wherein Het has the meaning stated in claim 1, in the presence of catalytically active amounts of a transition metal compound of a group VIII metal.
- 7. (previously presented) A process as claimed in claim 6, additionally comprising the preparation of the phenethylamide of the formula II, wherein a propiolic acid compound of the formula V

wherein  $R^1$  is hydrogen,  $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_3-C_8$ -cycloalkyl or  $C_1-C_4$ -haloalkyl, and Z is halogen or OH, is reacted with a phenethylamine of the general formula VI

$$\begin{array}{c} O-R^3 \\ \\ H_2N \end{array} \hspace{1cm} O-R^4 \end{array} \hspace{1cm} (VI).$$

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 (previously presented) A process for the preparation of a phenethylacrylamide as claimed in claim 1 of the formula I, wherein a phenethylacrylamide of the formula

is reacted with a compound of the formula  $R^3-\Upsilon$ , wherein  $\Upsilon$  is a nucleophilically displaceable leaving group.

9. (previously presented) A phenethylamide of the formula II'

wherein

- $R^1$  is halogen,  $C_1-C_4-alkyl,\ C_1-C_4-alkoxy,\ C_3-C_{10}-cycloalkyl,$  or  $C_1-C_4-haloalkyl;$
- R4 is methyl or C1-haloalkyl; and
- $R^{3\prime}$  is  $C_{1}-C_{4}-alkyl$ ,  $C_{1}-C_{4}-haloalkyl$ , propargyl,  $C_{3}-C_{4}-alkenyl$  or  $-I_{2}C-C\equiv C-C(R^{a},R^{b})-R^{c}, \text{ where } R^{a}, \ R^{b} \text{ independently of one}$  another are hydrogen or methyl and  $R^{c}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1}-C_{4}-alkyl$ ; or  $R^{3\prime}$  is hydrogen or an OH protecting group.
- 10. (previously presented) A phenethylacrylamide of the formula I':

wherein

- $R^1$  is halogen,  $C_1-C_4-alkyl,\ C_1-C_4-alkoxy,\ C_3-C_{10}-cycloalkyl,$  or  $C_1-C_4-haloalkyl;$
- R2 is hydrogen;
- R4 is methyl or C1-haloalkyl;
- Het is a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring which may contain a fused 5- or 6-membered carbocycle and which is selected from heteroaromatic rings containing 1, 2, 3 or 4 nitrogen atoms as ring members, heteroaromatic rings which contain 1 or 2

nitrogen atoms and 1 or 2 further heteroatoms selected from oxygen or sulfur as ring members, and heteroaromatic rings which have 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen and sulfur as ring members, Het being unsubstituted or it being possible for Het to contain 1, 2 or 3 substituents S selected from halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy; and

- R3' is hydrogen or an OH protecting group.
- (previously presented) A composition for controlling phytopathogenic harmful fungi comprising a solid or liquid carrier and a compound of the formula I as claimed in claim 1.
- 12. (previously presented) A method of controlling phytopathogenic harmful fungi, which comprises treating the fungi or materials, plants, soil or seed to be protected from fungal infection with an effective amount of a compound of the formula I as claimed in claim 1.
- 13. (previously presented) The phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_3-C_{10}$ -cycloalkyl, or  $C_1-C_4$ -haloalkyl.
- 14. (previously presented) A phenethylacrylamide as claimed in claim 2, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl or cyclopropyl.
- 15. (previously presented) The process of claim 6, wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_3-C_{10}$ -cycloalkyl, or  $C_1-C_4$ -haloalkyl.
- 16. (previously presented) The process of claim 7, wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_3-C_{10}$ -cycloalkyl, or  $C_1-C_4$ -haloalkyl.
- 17. (previously presented) The phenethylamide of the formula II' as claimed in claim 9, wherein
  - R1 is halogen; or
  - R4 is C1-haloalkyl; or
  - R3' is C3-C4-alkenyl or an OH protecting group.
- 18. (previously presented) The phenethylacrylamide of the formula I' as claimed in claim 10, wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_3-C_{10}$ -cycloalkyl, or  $C_1-C_4$ -haloalkyl.
- 19. (new) The phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein  $R^1$  is halogen,  $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_3-C_{10}$ -cycloalkyl, or  $C_1-C_4$ -haloalkyl.

- 20. (new) The phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein the moiety Het carries 1 or 2 substituents S selected from a group consisting of: methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, fluorine, chlorine, bromine and difluoromethoxy.
- 21. (new) The phenethylacrylamide of the formula I as claimed in claim 20, wherein
  - $R^1$  is halogen,  $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_3-C_{10}$ -cycloalkyl, or  $C_1-C_4$ -haloalkyl; and the 1 or 2 substituents S are bonded to ring atoms of Het which are not adjacent to the linkage site forming the double bond.

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